Appendix 1

The Code of Conduct for Members and Co-Opted Members together with

The Rules for Registration of Interests and Conflicts of Interest

Approved by the Council on 19th July 2012

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Part 1 The Code of Conduct for Members of Bath and North East Somerset Council

I. Purpose of the Code

- 1. The purpose of this Code of Conduct is to assist Members (including co-opted Members) in the discharge of their obligations to the Authority, their local communities and the public at large by:
 - a) setting out the standards of conduct that are expected of Members and co-opted Members of the Authority when they are acting in that capacity, and in so doing
 - b) providing the openness and accountability necessary to reinforce public confidence in the way in which Members perform those activities.

II. Scope of the Code

2 The Code applies to Members in all aspects of their activities as a Member, including when acting on Authority business, ward/division business or when otherwise purporting to act as a Member. It does not seek to regulate what Members do in their purely private and personal lives.

3 The obligations set out in this Code are complementary to those which apply to all Members by virtue of the procedural and other rules of the Authority and the rulings of the Chair

III. Public Duties of Members

4 Members have a duty to uphold the law, including the general law against discrimination and the requirements of the Localism Act, and to act on all occasions in accordance with the public trust placed in them.

5 Members have an overriding duty to act in the interests of the Authority's area as a whole, but also have a special duty to represent the views of the residents and communities of their ward.

IV. General Principles of Conduct

6. In carrying out their duties in exercising the functions of their Authority or otherwise acting as a Member, Members will be expected to observe the following general principles of conduct identified by the Committee on Standards in Public Life in its First Report as applying to holders of public office. These principles will be taken into consideration when any allegation is received of breaches of the provisions of the Code.

"Selflessness Holders of public office should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

Integrity

Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence them in the performance of their official duties.

Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

Accountability

Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

Openness

Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty

Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

Leadership

Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example."

V. Expectations of Conduct

7 Members shall base their conduct on a consideration of the public interest, avoid conflict between personal interest and the public interest and resolve any conflict between the two, at once, and in favour of the public interest.

8 Members shall at all times ensure that their use of expenses, allowances, facilities and services provided from the public purse is strictly in accordance with the rules laid down on these matters, and that they observe any limits placed by the Authority on the use of such expenses, allowances, facilities and services.

9 Members shall at all times conduct themselves in a manner which will tend to maintain and strengthen the public's trust and confidence in the integrity of the Authority and never undertake any action which would bring the Authority, or its Members or officers generally, into disrepute.

VI. Rules of Conduct

- 10. Members shall in particular observe the following rules when acting as a Member or co-opted Member of the Authority:
 - (1) **Do** treat others with respect and courtesy.

(2) Do not -

(a) do anything which may cause your authority to breach any of its the equality duties (in particular as set out in the Equality Act 2010);

(b) bully any person;

(c) intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is or is likely to be -

- (i) a complainant,
- (ii) a witness, or

(iii) involved in the administration of any investigation or proceedings, in relation to an allegation that a member (including yourself) has failed to comply with his or her authority's code of conduct; or

(d) do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, your authority.

(3) **Do not** use or attempt to use your position as a member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person, an advantage or disadvantage; and

Do be aware of the requirements of the Bribery Act 2010 and that offences under the Act include the situation where a Member requests, agrees to receive or accepts a financial or other advantage intending that, in consequence, any function of a public nature, any activity connected with the Authority or any activity to be performed by or on behalf of the Authority or others should be performed improperly.

(4) **Do not** disclose information given to you in confidence by anyone, or information acquired by you which you believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, except where—

(i) you have the consent of a person authorised to give it;

(ii) you are required by law to do so;

(iii) the disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional legal advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or

(iv) the disclosure is-

(a) reasonable and in the public interest; and

(b) made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the authority

(5) **Do not** prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.

(6) **Do not** conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or authority into disrepute.

- 11. Members shall observe the following rules when using the resources of the Authority, or authorising the use of those resources by others:
 - (1) Do act in accordance with the authority's reasonable requirements;

(2) **Do** make sure that such resources are not used improperly for political purposes (including party political purposes); and

(3) **Do** have regard to any applicable Local Authority Code of Publicity made under the Local Government Act 1986.

(4) **Do not** improperly use knowledge gained solely as a result of your role as a member for the advancement of your own interests.

12. Members shall observe the following rules when making decisions on behalf of or as part of the Authority:

(1) **Do** have regard to any relevant advice provided to you by the Council's chief financial officer and Monitoring Officer where such advice is offered pursuant to his or her statutory duties.

(2) **Do** give reasons for the decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by the authority.

VII. Registration and Declaration of Interests

13. Members shall fulfil conscientiously the requirements of the Authority in respect of the registration of interests in the Register(s) of Members' Interests and, where it is required or appropriate to do so, shall always draw attention to any relevant interest in any proceeding of the Authority or its Committees, or in any communications with the Authority, its Members or officers as required in Part 2.

VIII. Duties in respect of the Authority's Standards Committee and the Monitoring Officer

- 14. The application and guidance on the application of this Code shall be a matter for the Authority and for the Authority's Standards Committee and, as appropriate, the Monitoring Officer, acting in accordance with their terms of reference.
- 15. Members shall co-operate, at all stages, with any investigation into their conduct by or under the authority of those persons and shall not seek to intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is or is likely to be a complainant, a witness or involved in the administration of any investigation or proceedings in relation to an allegation that a member has failed to comply with his or her authority's code of conduct.
- 16. No Member shall lobby a member of the Authority's Standards Committee in a manner calculated or intended to influence their consideration of a complaint of a breach of this Code otherwise than in accordance with the arrangements laid down by the Authority.

Part 2 - Registration, Disclosure and Duties on Interests Held by Members and Co-Opted Members

I. Registration of Interests

1 **DO** fulfil the requirements of the law and the Authority in registering your interests in the Register of Members' Interests.

2 **DO** draw attention to any relevant interest, where it is required or appropriate to do so, in any proceeding of the Authority or its Committees with which you are involved or in any communications with any colleague, officer or outside body in your role as a member

3 **DO** approach the Authority's Monitoring Officer if you feel that your interest should be treated as sensitive because it could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation

PART A: Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

1. **DO** comply with the statutory requirements to register, disclose and withdraw from participating in respect of any matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest.

2. **DO** ensure that your register of interests is kept up to date and notify the Monitoring Officer in writing within 28 days of becoming aware of any change in respect of your disclosable pecuniary interests.

3. **DO** make verbal declaration of the existence and nature of an disclosable pecuniary interest at any meeting at which you are present at which an interest of business which affects or relates to the subject matter of that interest is under consideration, at or before the consideration of the item of business or as soon as the interest becomes apparent.

[Meeting" means any meeting organised by or on behalf of the authority, including -

- (i) any meeting of the Council, or a Committee or Sub-Committee of Council
- (ii) any meeting of the Cabinet and any Committee of the Cabinet
- (iii) in taking a decision as a Ward Councillor or as a Member of the Cabinet
- (iv) at any briefing by officers; and
- (v) at any site visit to do with business of the authority]

PART B: Other Interests

1.In addition to the requirements of the preceding section, if you attend a meeting at which any item of business is to be considered and you are aware that you have a "nondisclosable pecuniary interest or non-pecuniary interest" in that item;-

DO make a verbal declaration of the existence and nature of that interest at or before the consideration of that item of business or as soon as the interest becomes apparent.

In such circumstances;-

DO consider whether your participation in the consideration of that item of business would be reasonable, particularly if the interest may give rise to a perception of a conflict of interests in that item of business.

2. You have a "non-disclosable pecuniary interest or non-pecuniary interest" in an item of business where;-

2.1 a decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as affecting the well-being or financial standing of you or a member of your family or a person with whom you have a close association to a greater extent that it would affect the majority of the Council Tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward or electoral area for which you have been elected or otherwise of the authority's administrative area, or

2.2 it relates to or is likely to affect any of the interests listed in the Table in the Appendix to this Code, in respect of yourself, a relevant person, a member of your family or a person with whom you have a close association and that interest is not a disclosable interest.

II. Register of Gifts and Hospitality

DO

1. Within 28 days of receipt, notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of any gift, benefit or hospitality with a value in excess of £50 which you have accepted as a member from any person or body other than the authority.

III. Appendix – Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

The duties to register, disclose and not to participate in respect of any matter in which a member has a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest are set out in Chapter 7 of the Localism Act 2011.

Disclosable pecuniary interests are defined in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 as follows –

Interest	Prescribed description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vacation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by M in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of M.
	This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992).
Contracts	Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant authority—
	(a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and(b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority.
Licences	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to M's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the relevant authority; and (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where— (a) that body (to M's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and (b) either—

(i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds $\pounds 25,000$ or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or

(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

For this purpose -

- "the Act" means the Localism Act 2011;
- "body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest" means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest;
- "director" includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society;
- "land" excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;
- "M" means a member of a relevant authority;
- "member" includes a co-opted member;
- "relevant authority" means the authority of which M is a member;
- "relevant period" means the period of 12 months ending with the day on which M gives a notification for the purposes of section 30(1) or 31(7), as the case may be, of the Act;
- "relevant person" means M or any other person referred to in section 30(3)(b) of the Act namely your spouse or civil partner, a person with whom you are living as husband and wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you were civil partners;
- "securities" means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.